

Name

ANSWERS

Class



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Forming expressions

(9 – 1) Topic booklet

Higher

These questions have been collated from previous years GCSE Mathematics papers.

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.
- If the question is a 1H question you are not allowed to use a calculator.
- If the question is a 2H or a 3H question, you may use a calculator to help you answer.

Information

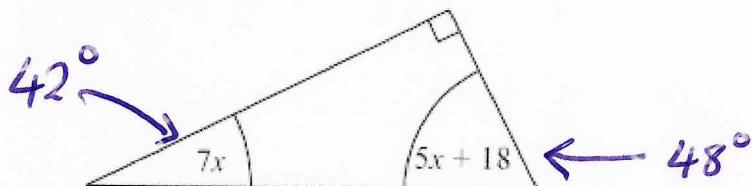
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Answer ALL questions
Write your answers in the space provided.
You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The diagram shows a right-angled triangle.



All the angles are in degrees.

Work out the size of the smallest angle of the triangle.

$$90 + 7x + 5x + 18 = 180$$

$$108 + 12x = 180$$

$$12x = 72$$

$$x = 6$$

42°

3 Rick, Selma and Tony are playing a game with counters.

Rick has some counters.

Selma has twice as many counters as Rick.

Tony has 6 counters less than Selma.



In total they have 54 counters.

the number of counters Rick has : the number of counters Tony has = 1 : p

Work out the value of p .

$$\begin{array}{rcl} R : S : T \\ x \quad 2x \quad 2x-6 = 54 \end{array}$$

$$5x - 6 = 54$$

$$5x = 60$$

$$x = 12$$

$$R : S : T$$

$$12 \quad 24 \quad 18$$

$$R : T$$

$$12 : 18$$

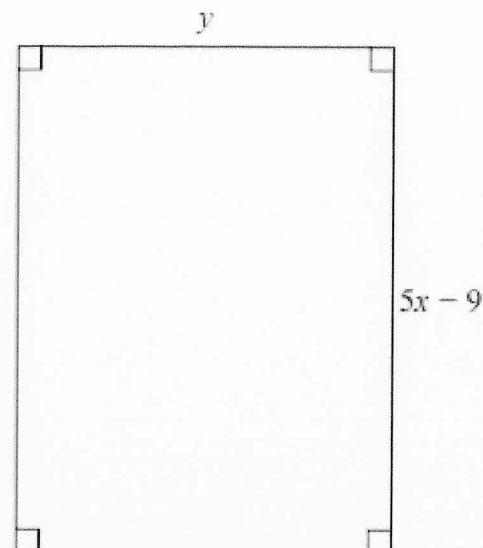
$$1 : \frac{18}{12}$$

$$\boxed{1 : 1.5}$$

$$p = \dots$$

$$1.5$$

6 Here is a rectangle.



All measurements are in centimetres.

The area of the rectangle is 48 cm^2 .

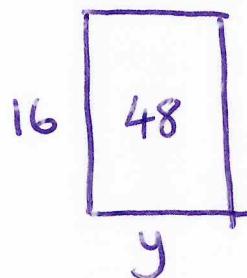
Show that $y = 3$

$$2x + 6 = 5x - 9$$

$$6 = 3x - 9$$

$$15 = 3x$$

$$\underline{5 = 3x}$$



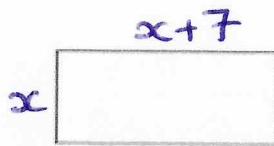
$$16 \times y = 48$$

$$y = \frac{48}{16} = \frac{24}{8} = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$y = 3$$

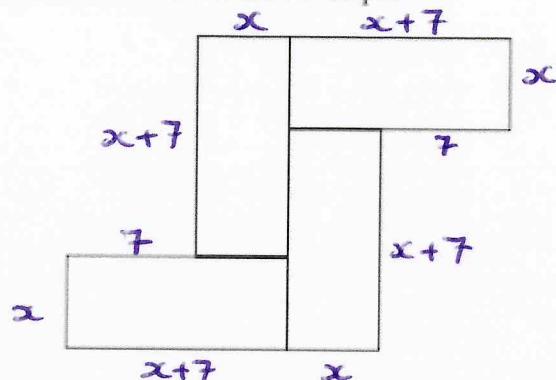
(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

6 Here is a rectangle.



The length of the rectangle is 7 cm longer than the width of the rectangle.

4 of these rectangles are used to make this 8-sided shape.



The perimeter of the 8-sided shape is 70 cm.

Work out the area of the 8-sided shape.

$$\underline{x} + \underline{x+7} + \underline{x} + \underline{7} + \underline{x+7} + \underline{x} + \underline{x+7} + \underline{x} + \underline{7} + \underline{x+7} \\ = 8x + 42$$

$$8x + 42 = 70$$

$$8x = 28$$

$$x = 3.5$$



$$\text{Area} = 3.5 \times 10.5 = 36.75 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\times 4 = 147 \text{ cm}^2$$

147 cm^2

7 Mano has three shelves of books.

There are x books on shelf A.

There are $(3x + 1)$ books on shelf B.

There are $(2x - 5)$ books on shelf C.

There is a total of 44 books on the three shelves.

All the books have the same mass.

The books on shelf B have a total mass of 7500g.

Work out the total mass of the books on shelf A.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & B & C \\ x & 3x+1 & 2x-5 \\ \hline & & = 44 \end{array}$$

$$6x - 4 = 44$$

$$6x = 48$$

$$x = 8$$

$$B = 25 \text{ books}$$

$$\frac{7500 \text{ g}}{25} = 300 \text{ g}$$

$$A = 8 \text{ books}$$

$$8 \times 300 \text{ g} = 2400 \text{ g}$$

$$2400 \text{ g}$$

7 Becky has some marbles.

Chris has two times as many marbles as Becky.

Dan has seven more marbles than Chris.



They have a total of 57 marbles.

Dan says,

"If I give some marbles to Becky, each of us will have the same number of marbles."

Is Dan correct?

You must show how you get your answer.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Becky} & \text{Chris} & \text{Dan} \\ x & 2x & 2x+7 \end{array} = 57$$

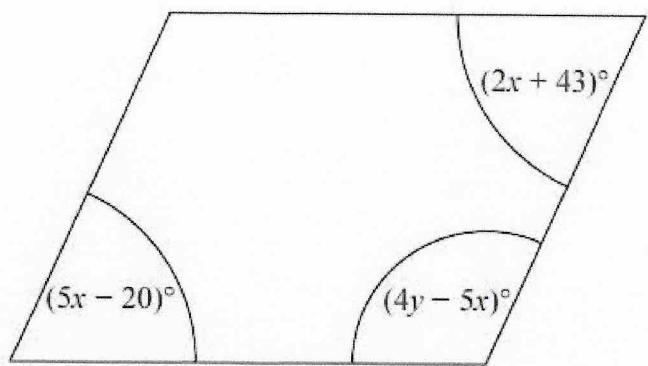
$$5x + 7 = 57$$

$$5x = 50$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Becky} & \text{Chris} & \text{Dan} \\ x = 10 & 20 & 27 \\ 10 & 20 & 27 \end{array}$$

Dan is wrong, in order to share 57, each person would need to have 19 marbles,

8 Here is a parallelogram.



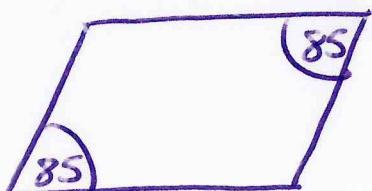
Work out the value of x and the value of y .

$$2x + 43 = 5x - 20$$

$$43 = 3x - 20$$

$$63 = 3x$$

$$21 = x$$



$$4y - 5x = 95$$

$$4y - 5(21) = 95$$

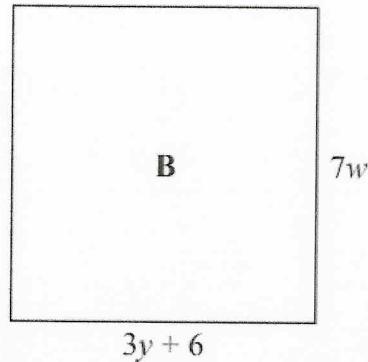
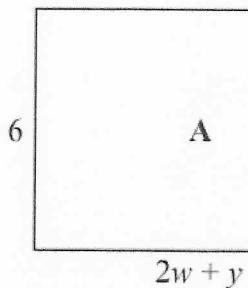
$$4y - 105 = 95$$

$$4y = 200$$

$$y = 50$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 21$$
$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 50$$

11 The diagram shows two rectangles, A and B.



All measurements are in centimetres.

The area of rectangle A is equal to the area of rectangle B.

Find an expression for y in terms of w .

Area of A

$$6(2w+y) = 12w+6y$$

Area of B

$$7w(3y+6) \\ 21wy + 42w$$

$$12w+6y = 21wy+42w$$

$$6y = 21wy + 30w$$

$$6y - 21wy = 30w$$

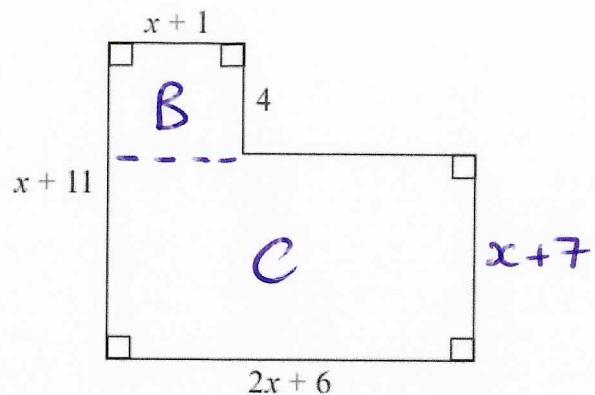
$$y(6 - 21w) = 30w$$

$$y = \frac{30w}{6 - 21w}$$

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(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

14 Here is a shape with all its measurements in centimetres.



The area of the shape is $A \text{ cm}^2$

Show that $A = 2x^2 + 24x + 46$

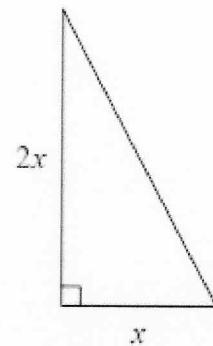
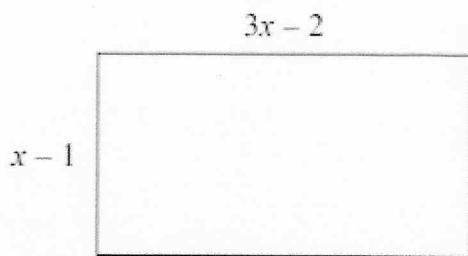
$$B = 4(x+1) = 4x+4$$

$$C = (2x+6)(x+7) = 2x^2 + 6x + 14x + 42 \\ = 2x^2 + 20x + 42$$

$$B+C = 4x+4 + 2x^2 + 20x + 42$$

$$= 2x^2 + 24x + 46$$

23 Here is a rectangle and a right-angled triangle.



All measurements are in centimetres.

The area of the rectangle is greater than the area of the triangle.

Find the set of possible values of x .

Area of rectangle

$$(x-1)(3x-2)$$

$$= 3x^2 - 3x - 2x + 2$$

$$= 3x^2 - 5x + 2$$

Area of triangle

$$\frac{x \times 2x}{2} = \frac{2x^2}{2} = x^2$$

$$3x^2 - 5x + 2 > x^2$$

$$2x^2 - 5x + 2 > 0$$

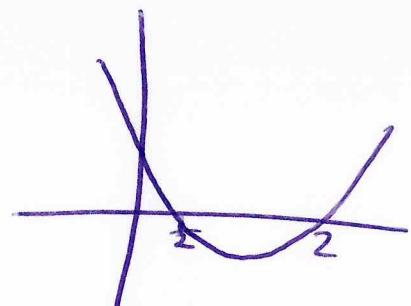
$$(2x-1)(x-2) > 0$$

$$2x-1 > 0$$

$$x-2 > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x > 1 \\ \boxed{x > \frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{x > 2}$$



$$x > 2$$